

Resistance Prediction Of Planing Hulls State Of The Art

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This paper is meant as a reference for designers in selecting resistance prediction methods for planing hulls. It describes numerous resistance prediction methods and gives their variable ranges and the type of planing hulls they are based on or are intended for. Inherent problems or limitations of the methods are stated. The concept of hull shape, which is often neglected in resistance prediction, and its important role are discussed.

Resistance Prediction of Planing Hulls: State of the Art ...

In this study, a brief history and basic information have been provided and the following, starting from planing hull resistance prediction methods, prismatic equations, planing hull series and numerical methods and finally empirical methods are

(DOC) HIGH SPEED PLANING HULLS RESISTANCE PREDICTION ...

The calm-water resistance of hard chine hulls in the pre-planning regime was predicted by using mathematical model, and the model could be used in the concept design phase. The hydrodynamic of the...

(PDF) Resistance Prediction for Hard Chine Hulls in the ...

this study, the performance of CFD simulations of planing hulls is evaluated us-ing two commercial software: ANSYS FLUENT, developed by ANSYS, Inc., and STAR-CCM+, developed by CD-adapco. This was done by predicting the steady resistance,sinkageandtrimangleofonesemi-planingandoneplaninghullincalm, unrestricted water.

Prediction of High-Speed Planing Hull Resistance and ...

resistance prediction of semiplaning hulls were used. Both methods were developed by using regression analysis which was based on the total resistance data for the transom stern hull forms. The total resistance calculated with both methods is compared with measured total resistance for wide range of the Froude number F_n 0.482 3.618

RESISTANCE PREDICTION OF SEMIPLANING TRANSOM STERN HULLS

Abstract. A mathematical representation of calm-water resistance for contemporary planing hull forms based on the USCG and TUNS Series is presented. Regression analysis and artificial neural network (ANN) techniques are used to establish, respectively, Simple and Complex mathematical models. For the Simple model, resistance is the dependent variable (actually R/Δ for standard displacement of $\Delta = 100000$ lb), while the Froude number based on volume (F_n) and slenderness ration ($L/V^{1/3}$) are ...

Resistance Prediction for Hard Chine Hulls in the Pre ...

Most of planing hulls can be examined as a prismatic because during planing stage, the sections of hull underwater are constant. There are three

prismatic resistance prediction methods: Savitsky, Shuford/Brown and Lyubomirov method. The resistance difference between these methods is usually less than 10%.

EVALUATION OF RESISTANCE OF PLANING HULLS IN SMOOTH

new resistance analysis is proposed for a broad range of geometrical parameters especially for asymmetrical hulls so that a designer will be able to make a decision regarding powering prediction in the design stage. Finally, the compared resistance

Resistance Prediction for Asymmetrical Configurations of ...

The paper outlines a simple resistance and trim prediction technique for prismatic (constant beam and constant deadrise) planing hulls which can be completed by hand or programmed into software. The ease of the routine and the accuracy of the results make the technique popular and most design houses use it still today.

Hydrodynamic Design of Planing Hulls - DLBA

In general, when deadrise angles of a planing hull with vee-bottom get smaller, trim angle is decreased and the hull rises up higher so that it shows good resistance performance. But its vertical motion amplitude in rough water becomes larger, and the course-keeping ability gets worse.

Design of high-speed planing hulls for the improvement of ...

Resistance prediction of displacement hulls Displacement craft generate regular waves that produce wave resistance. Towing tanks are used to measure this resistance in the model scale and then to transpose the value to full scale.

Resistance_prediction_ogg_mp4

resistance prediction of planing hulls In this study, a brief history and basic information have been provided and the following, starting from planing hull resistance prediction methods, prismatic equations, planing hull series and numerical methods and finally empirical methods are (DOC) HIGH SPEED PLANING HULLS RESISTANCE PREDICTION

Resistance Prediction Of Planing Hulls State Of The Art ...

50 knots. The design approach begins with using a reference hull named Model 5631 from a small systematic series of resistance tests at the DTMB. This modeled hull is based on the U.S. Coast Guard 47 ft Motor Lifeboat which is a hard chine, deep V planing hull. Clement's Dynaplane design process was

Design of a High Speed Planing Hull with - DTIC

The basic coefficients describing the hydrodynamics of planing hulls are the lift and resistance coefficients: $CL = \frac{R}{\rho g \Delta} = 0.0723 \frac{B^2(VK)^2}{\rho g \Delta}$ (5) $CD = \frac{R}{\rho g \Delta} = 0.0723 \frac{R}{\rho g \Delta} \frac{B^2(VK)^2}{\rho g \Delta}$ (6) Here B is the mean of the maximum beam at chines and the chine beam at the transom. VK is the speed in knots.

Initial Hydrodynamic Hull Design for Conventional Fast Vessels

resistance of the planing hull. Judge et al. [24] made a comprehensive study of a high-speed deep-V planing hull form. They conducted model experiments and numerical simulations in both regular and irregular waves, and they focused on the slamming behavior of the planing hull. It is found that the largest slamming occurs in short and steep waves.

Numerical Prediction of the Vertical Responses of Planing ...

drainage body, in reference to the profile of single planing craft with distinctive resistance performance, was redesigned into a wave-piercing shape. Total resistance, sinkage, and trim angle of the new model were then predicted by numerical method.

Numerical Prediction of Hydrodynamic Performance of ...

In general, the peculiar difficulty that characterises the resistance prediction of planing hulls is that both its viscous and pressure components are related in a non-linear way to the dynamic lift force and trim moment developed by the complex flow on the hull at high speeds.

This SpringerBrief focuses on modeling and power evaluation of high-speed craft. The various power prediction methods, a principal design objective for high-speed craft of displacement, semi-displacement, and planing type, are addressed. At the core of the power prediction methods are mathematical models for resistance and propulsion efficiency. The models are based on the experimental data of various high-speed hull and propeller series. The regression analysis and artificial neural network (ANN) methods are used as an extraction tool for this kind of mathematical models. A variety of mathematical models of this type are discussed in the book. Once these mathematical models have been developed and validated, they can be readily programmed into software tools, thereby enabling the parametric analyses required for the optimization of a high-speed craft design. This book provides the foundational reference for these software tools, and their use in the design of high-speed craft. High-speed craft are very different from conventional ships. Current professional literature leaves a gap in the documentation of best design practices for high-speed craft. This book is aimed at naval architects who design and develop various types of high-speed vessels.

The proposed book addresses various power prediction methods, a principal design objective for high-speed craft of displacement, semi-displacement, and planing type. At the core of the power prediction methods are mathematical models based on experimental data derived from various high-speed hull and propeller series. Regression analysis and Artificial Neural Network (ANN) methods are used as extraction tools for this kind of models. The most significant factors for in-service power prediction are bare hull resistance, dynamic trim, and the propeller's open-water efficiency. Therefore, mathematical modeling of these factors is a specific focus of the book. Furthermore, the book includes a summary of most of the power-prediction-relevant literature published in the last 50 years, and as such is intended as a reference overview of the best high-speed craft modeling practices. Once these mathematical models have been developed and validated, they can be readily programmed into software tools, thereby enabling the parametric analyses required for the optimization of a high-speed craft design. The proposed book is intended primarily for naval architects who design and develop various types of high-speed vessels (yachts, boats etc.), as well as for students who are interested in the design of fast vessels. The book includes useful Excel Macro Codes for the outlined mathematical models. Moreover, software for all considered models is provided.

This second edition provides a comprehensive and scientific approach to evaluating ship resistance and propulsion. Written by experts in the field, it includes the latest developments in CFD, experimental techniques and guidance for the practical estimation of ship propulsive power. It addresses improvements in energy efficiency and reduced emissions, and the introduction of the Energy Efficiency Design Index (EEDI). Descriptions have now been included of pump jets, rim driven propulsors, shape adaptive foils, propeller noise and dynamic positioning. Trial procedures have been updated, and preliminary estimates of power for hydrofoil craft, submarines and AUVs are incorporated. Standard series data for hull resistance and propeller performance are included, enabling practitioners to make ship power predictions based on material and data within the book. Numerous fully worked examples illustrate applications for most ship and small craft types, making this book ideal for practising engineers, naval architects, marine engineers and undergraduate and postgraduate students.

Advanced Materials Control Engineering Computational Fluid Dynamics and Wireless Communication & Radar
Cyber Security & Assurance Technologies
Biosciences Medical Sciences and Underwater Technologies Aerostructures

This book presents the proceedings of the 12th International Symposium on High Speed Marine Vehicles, held virtually as an e-conference for the first time on 15 and 16 October 2020. High Speed Marine Vehicles Conference has almost 30-year history since the first Conference held in Naples in 1991. Since then, it has been an opportunity to present and discuss developments in the design, construction and operation of High Speed Marine Vessels. More than 40 abstracts were submitted for this edition of the conference, and following a rigorous review process, 26 papers were selected for inclusion in this book. These have been divided into 7 sections: CFD/EFD/sea trials; hydrofoils; multi-hull hydrodynamics; planing-hull hydrodynamics; propulsion and ship machinery; second generation intact stability criteria; and structures, loads, strength and materials. Topics covered include updated aspects of and developments in ship design, numerical and experimental hydrodynamics, seakeeping and maneuvering, and marine structures and machinery. This publication will be of interest to researchers from academia, industry, government agencies and certifying authorities, as well as designers and operators of high-speed vessels.

The Definitive Reference for Designers and Design Students A solid grasp of the fundamentals of materials, along with a thorough understanding of load and design techniques, provides the components needed to complete a marine platform design. Design Principles of Ships and Marine Structures details every facet of ship design and design integration, and highlights the design aspects that must be put together to create an integrated whole product. This book discusses naval architecture and marine engineering applications and principles relevant to the design of various systems, examines advanced

numerical techniques that can be applied to maritime design procedure at the concept design stage, and offers a comprehensive approach to the subject of ship design. Covers the Entire Sphere of Marine Design The book begins with an introduction to marine design and the marine environment, describing many of the marine products that are used for transportation, defense and the exploitation of marine resources. It also discusses stability issues relevant to ship design, as well as hydrodynamic aspects of resistance, propulsion, sea keeping and maneuvering, and their effects on design. In addition to covering the various systems and sub-systems that go into making a complex product to be used in maritime environment, the author explains engineering economics and its application in ship design, and provides examples wherever necessary. Written by an author with more than 35 years of teaching experience, this book: Describes various design methodologies such as sequential design process with the application of concurrent engineering and set based design factors in the use of computer-aided design techniques Highlights the shape design methodology of ship forms and layout design principles Considers design aspects relative to safety and risk assessment Introduces the design for production aspects in marine product development Discusses design principles for sustainability Explains the principles of numerical optimization for decision-making Design Principles of Ships and Marine Structures focuses on ship design efficiency, safety, sustainability, production, and management, and appeals to students and design professionals in the field of shipping, shipbuilding and offshore engineering.

Hydrodynamics of High-Speed Marine Vehicles, first published in 2006, discusses the three main categories of high-speed marine vehicles - vessels supported by submerged hulls, air cushions or foils. The wave environment, resistance, propulsion, seakeeping, sea loads and manoeuvring are extensively covered based on rational and simplified methods. Links to automatic control and structural mechanics are emphasized. A detailed description of waterjet propulsion is given and the effect of water depth on wash, resistance, sinkage and trim is discussed. Chapter topics include resistance and wash; slamming; air cushion-supported vessels, including a detailed discussion of wave-excited resonant oscillations in air cushion; and hydrofoil vessels. The book contains numerous illustrations, examples and exercises.

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